





**Category:** 

Manager:

29,680 ha

**Geolocation:** 

**International label:** 

Area:

Special Reserve, category IV

Madagascar National Parks (MNP)

Province of Antsiranana; Regions

Bealanana and Befandriana Nord

of SAVA and Sofia; Districts of Andapa;

Alliance for Zero Extinction (AZE) site

**FLAGSHIP SPECIES** 

Key Biodiversity Area (KBA), Important Bird Area (IBA),

The Anjanaharibe-Sud massif occupies the **southwestern** part of the Andapa basin watershed. Anjanaharibe-Sud has a rich vertebrate fauna, including many endemic species

with restricted geographical distribution. One of these is the

silky sifaka, which is one of the world's rarest and most

the northernmost refuge for the **Indri indri**. The majority

of the natural habitat in Anjanaharibe-Sud is composed of

critically endangered primates. The park is also

dense evergreen mid-altitude rainforest.



### **SPECIES OF BIRDS**

including 5 endangered (e.g., the Malagasy grebe, the Malagasy serpent eagle) and 8 vulnerable (e.g., the Madagascar rail, the unicolored mesite)



## **SPECIES OF BATS**

including 3 vulnerable (e.g., the Madagascar flying fox)



### SPECIES OF **CARNIVORANS**

including **3** vulnerable (e.g., the Fosa and the Malagasy civet cat)



### **SPECIES OF LEMURS**

including 2 critically endangered (Indri indri and silky sifaka), 2 endangered (e.g., the aye-aye nocturnal lemur) and **4** vulnerable (e.g., the red-bellied lemur)



### **SPECIES OF PLANTS**

including 495 endemic to Madagascar among which 10 are endangered and 7 vulnerable; 6 local endemic species



## **SPECIES OF**

**REPTILES** 

including **5** vulnerable and 3 local endemics



# **SPECIES OF**

including 4 endangered



# **AMPHIBIANS**

and 3 vulnérable



### **SPECIES OF OTHER MAMMALS** including 3 vulnerable

#### **IUCN Red List**



### PROTECTED AREA SPECIFICITIES

#### **LANDSCAPES AND HABITATS**



Lowland moist evergreen forest, midland moist evergreen forest, high mountain forest, mountain ericoid thicket, rocky vegetation, secondary forests.

#### **PRESSURES AND THREATS**



Selective logging, hunting, collection of secondary forest products, mining, clearing.

### **ECONOMIC VALUE**

The reserve ensures the role of hydrological source, feeding the basins of the region, and of protection of the hydrographic networks irrigating the large surface of rice cultivation of the basin of Andapa. It also plays an important role in regulating the region's climate.

50,652 inhabitants are directly benefiting from the ecosystem services provided by the protected area.

### **FAPBM'S EFFORTS**

Financial support from FAPBM to the Anjanaharibe Sud started in **2021**. For protected areas managed by MNP, this funding covers the salary and part of the management unit's operating costs.



Holly Bartley-unsplash



### LOCAL COMMUNITIES **INITIATIVES**

Like all all the MNP-managed protected areas, the management of the Marojejy - Anjanaharibe South Management Unit (MU) is a collaborative comanagement, with the participation of local community members in conservation and development activities. They are grouped into CLPs (local park committees) and COSAPs (Protected Area Steering and Support Committees).











www.fapbm.org

Created in 2005, the Madagascar Protected Areas and Biodiversity Fund (FAPBM) is a Malagasy trust fund dedicated to the conservation of Madagascar's **biodiversity.** It is an innovative and sustainable financing mechanism for Madagascar's Protected Areas System (SAPM).